







### **Equality**

# Healthy Discussion: Science and the Law TEACHER INSTRUCTIONS

**SUBJECT:** Science **GRADE LEVEL:** 6-8

TIME: Two 30-40 minute lessons (Part 1 & 2)

#### Overview

In this lesson, students become members of Congress to experience the challenges of making decisions regarding vaccinations of children in the U.S. Issues of public policy and health become keys to inquiry learning.

**Lesson Materials:** Library of Congress resources, slide pack, and discussion questions.

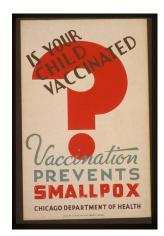
#### PART I

#### **Teacher Actions:**

- 1. Ask students "Can you think of any laws that are based on science?" (Spark **Inquiry**)
- 2. Engage students in a discussion about the controversy that laws based on science can cause. Ask about issues they may know relative to vaccinations and their own experiences with vaccinations.
- **3. Display** the image of Source A from the Lesson Materials. Ask students what they see and conclude.

#### PART II

**4. Engage** students with a role-play process in which



they become members of Congress and get to decide whether to vote for a bill to provide government funding for a research project on the impact of vaccines.

- 5. **Distribute** Handouts A and B. Guide students to work in groups of 3-4. Step 1 on Handout A is completed independently and Step 2 as a group. Use the slide pack to guide discussion. (Deepen Inquiry)
- **6. Debrief** the experience students had in the role-play simulation. Ask both openended and closed questions regarding their thoughts and arguments. Ask for any personal impact of the experience.

**7. Listen** to students' opinions based on the evidence they reviewed in the simulation.

#### **ASSESSMENTS**

- 8. Formative Assessment: At the conclusion of Part I, consider ending lesson with an inquiry exit slip that asks students (1) to list all the new ideas or topics they learned during this part of the lesson, and (2) to predict what the next lesson to continue this learning might
- 9. Final Assessment: Project.

Have students interview an adult about (1) their knowledge of vaccines; (2) their opinion of how important science is in support of public-health laws; and (3) one way their lives have benefitted from science. Students write one paragraph on their interview results. (Connection and Action)









## **Lesson Materials Library of Congress Resources**

The materials below include **Library of Congress resources** to engage students in the inquiry process of using primary source materials. Additional supplemental materials are also included.

Before teaching this lesson, students will need to know what a vaccination is and how vaccinations work. The Center for Disease Control provides necessary information: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vacgen/default.htm">https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vacgen/default.htm</a>

- Slide Pack for this lesson
- <u>Handout A: Instructions</u> 1 per student.
- Handout B: Source Pack 1 per pair of students (includes Sources B & C)

#### **Sources**

Source A: "Is your child vaccinated? Vaccination prevents smallpox (Chicago Department of Health)." (Poster for Chicago Department of Health showing large red question mark.) Chicago: Illinois WPA Art Project, [between 1936 and 1941] (Date stamped on verso: Mar 20 1941). https://www.loc.gov/item/98507705/

Source B: H. R. 1636: A BILL To direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services to conduct or support a comprehensive study comparing total health outcomes, including risk of autism, in vaccinated populations in the United States with such outcomes in unvaccinated populations in the United States, and for other purposes. https://www.congress.gov/bill/114th-congress/house-bill/1636/text

<u>Source C:</u> Vaccines Do Not Cause Autism: A Report from the Centers for Disease Control. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/concerns/autism.html</u>

This lesson is part of a larger initiative, Citizen U, which aims to integrate civic learning across the curriculum for students in grades 2-12. For more lessons like it, in Language Arts, Math, Science, and Social Studies, or to learn more about related creative, community, and professional development opportunities, please visit our Citizen U website...



### Science - Middle School

LESSON TITLE: Healthy Discussion: Science and the Law

**ESSENTIAL QUESTION:** How should science inform public policy decisions?

**LESSON DURATION:** One class session for Part I and one session for Part II.

#### LESSON OVERVIEW

In this two-part lesson students will be able to explain the role of science in informing public policy. In Part I, students discuss their prior knowledge of vaccinations and the purpose of vaccinations. In Part II, students assume the roles of members of Congress to determine if they will support a bill to require the federal government to compare the health outcomes of vaccinated and unvaccinated children. Students will use primary sources to explore the issue and then will work in small groups to discuss the most important factors affecting Congress's decision. Finally, students interview an adult about their knowledge and opinion of science and public policy, partixcularly related to vaccinations.

#### **LESSON OBJECTIVES**

Students will be able to:

- Analyze sources to gain understanding about an issue.
- Understand different points of view on the issue.
- Participate in an academic discussion.
- State and support an informed opinion.

#### LESSON MATERIALS & PREPARATION

Before teaching this lesson, students will need to know what a vaccination is and how vaccinations work. The Center for Disease Control provides necessary information: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/default.htm">https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/default.htm</a>

- Slide pack for this lesson
- Handout A: Instructions 1 per student.
- Handout B: Source Pack 1 per pair of students (includes Sources B & C)

#### **Sources**

<u>Source A:</u> "Is your child vaccinated? Vaccination prevents smallpox (Chicago Department of Health)." (Poster for Chicago Department of Health showing large red question mark.) Chicago: Illinois WPA Art Project, [between 1936 and 1941] (Date stamped on verso: Mar 20 1941). <a href="https://www.loc.gov/item/98507705/">https://www.loc.gov/item/98507705/</a>

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#### LESSON IMPLEMENTATION

#### **Part I: Spark Inquiry**

#### A. Focus Discussion

- 1. Conduct a brief class discussion asking:
  - Can you think of any laws that are based on science? (Federal Food and Drug Administration requirements for labeling; disposing of certain products including electronics, oil, batteries; cannot take someone else's medicine; underage drinking; use of tobacco products; use of certain insecticides; laws about clean water/air, etc.)
- 2. Explain that there are almost always disagreements when new laws are made.
  - For example, science tells us that eating foods high in fat and sodium are not good for you. What if a new law was going to be made that would not allow Americans to eat more than one juicy bacon cheeseburger per month?

Would you agree with that law? Why or why not? (Accept all answers and probe for understandings about personal preferences and how such a law would be enforced.)

3. Explain that sometimes laws, including those that are based on science, cause controversy. (If necessary, define "controversy" as strong feelings and beliefs on a topic causing disagreement.)

Assess students' prior knowledge about vaccinations before proceeding. Ask:

• Do any students recall getting vaccinations? "Booster shots"? (Explain if necessary.)

• What is the purpose of a vaccination? (Vaccinations provide immunity to diseases, such as measles or the flu. Smallpox is a disease that caused full-body blisters, blindness, and death. Smallpox was eradicated from the globe in the 20th century thanks to vaccinations against the disease.)

#### **B. Source Discussion**

1. Project an image for the whole class to see of Source A.

NOTE: This image is provided on slide 1 of the slide pack provided for this lesson.

- 2. Read aloud the text that appears in the image.
  - Ask students:
    - What do you see? (*This is a sign or a poster asking if children have been vaccinated. Have a student read aloud the text they see in the image.*)
    - Who created the poster? (*Chicago Department of Health.*)
    - Why do you think it was created? (*To encourage parents to have their children vaccinated because "vaccination prevents smallpox."*)

#### C. Closure

- 1. Tell students the image was created in 1941 with funds from the federal government. Show that the image states it was created with funds from the WPA Art Project (the Works Progress Administration during the New Deal). Laws had to be passed to provide the funds to create the poster.
  - Tell the students that today they are going to explore a controversial law about vaccinations that has scientific implications.



- 2. Optional: Have each student complete a inquiry exit slip.
- Students should use the following prompts:
  - All the new ideas or topics I learned:
  - *My prediction for what I'll learn next:*

### **Part II: Deepen Inquiry**

### A. Welcome to Congress!

- 1. Explain to the students that they are going to take the roles of members of Congress and decide whether or not they will vote for a bill to provide government funding for a research study on the health impacts of vaccines.
- 2. Distribute **Handout A: Instructions** and **Handout B: Source Pack** to each student.
- 3. Tell the students that they will work independently to complete Step 1, then will join a group to complete Step
- 2. (Students should work in groups of 3-4 each.)
- 4. Let students know how much time they have to complete Step 1. Students could be grouped for the discussion in Step 2 as they finish Step 1.

#### **B.** Debriefing

- 1. Ask the students:
  - What was the bill you were deciding?
  - What was the controversy?
  - What were the most compelling arguments for opposing the bill? For supporting the bill?
  - Which of the two source documents do you think was based on stronger scientific evidence? Why?
  - What other sources or information might have been helpful to you in making your decision?
  - What did you learn about science and the law from this lesson?

NOTE: These questions are listed on slides 2 and 3 of the slide pack provided for this lesson.

#### **Part III: Connection and Action**

- 1. Collect Handout A and look for:
  - Accurate summary of Source B: The Vaccine Safety Study Act (H. R. 1636).
  - Accurate/appropriate answers to prompts for Sources B and C.
  - Clear articulation of most compelling arguments in favor and opposed to the bill.
  - Effectiveness in stating an opinion and supporting it with evidence from sources/text.
- 2. **Assessment.** Have students interview an adult about (1) their knowledge of vaccines; (2) their opinion of how important science is in support of making laws for public health; and (3) one way their lives have benefitted from science. Students should take notes during their interview and write a paragraph on the interview results. Discuss interesting and surprising results in class.

#### STANDARDS ALIGNMENT

**Next Generation Science Standards** 



#### MS. Natural Selection and Adaptation

MS-LS4-4. Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.

#### **Common Core State Standards**

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.1

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.2

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.4

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.8

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.1.A-E

#### **ELA - Literacy: Speaking & Listening**

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.1.A-D

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.4

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.6

#### C3 Framework

D2.Civ.2.6-8

D2.Civ.8.6-8

D3.1.6-8

D3.3.6-8

D4.1.6-8

D4.4.6-8

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